



# The Climate Emergency is a Health Emergency & Our Vision to be the Greenest Region in the UK

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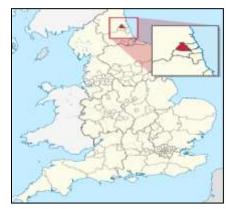


# **Newcastle Hospitals**

"...Providing patient-centred healthcare to communities in the North East of England and beyond for over 250 years. We're one of the largest NHS trusts in the UK, offering a wider range of specialist services than any other."

- Over 2 million patient contacts a year
- Serve a **population of over 3 million**
- 17,000 staff and 1,800 beds
- **£1.3 billion** turnover
- **Five** main sites, plus many community sites
- L1 Major Trauma Centre with helipad at RVI
- Long history of **clinical excellence**:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> child heart transplant in Europe ('87)
  - 1<sup>st</sup> single ('87) & double lung ('91) transplant in Europe
- CQC "Outstanding" 2016 & 2019 (only Shelford Trust)
- First healthcare organisation in the world to declare a Climate Emergency













# **Proud History of Sustainability in Healthcare**





















> 2014

2015

























### **Establishing an Identity and Brand**





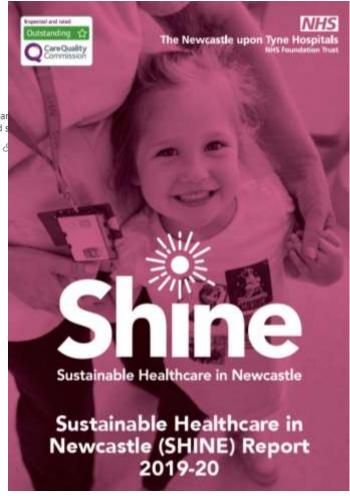
#### **NUTH Sustainability**

@SustainableNUTH

@NewcastleHosps Sustainability Tear whilst delivering environmental and s

Newcastle upon Tyne, EnglandJoined March 2018

118 Following 799 Followers





#### Energy

Minimise energy use and replace fossil fuels with zero carbon energy sources



#### Water

Minimise water use



#### Waste

Dispose of less, reuse and recycle more



#### **Buildings & Land**

Provide healthy, sustainable and biodiverse spaces



#### Journeys

Embed active, clean, low carbon travel



#### Procurement

Work with our supply chain to decarbonise



#### Care

Develop low carbon care pathways adapted to our changing climate



#### People

Inspire, inform and empower our people to deliver sustainable healthcare

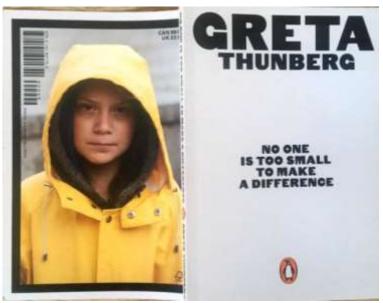
### Declaring an Emergency: My Journey



### eco-anxiety

(n.) a feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease triggered by an awareness of the ecological threats facing the earth due to climate change.









# What is a Climate Emergency Declaration?

- 1. A public acknowledgement of the climate crisis which threatens population health
- 2. A commitment to **fast-tracking the reduction of our carbon emissions** which science demands
- 3. Collaborative action with our civic partners to deliver a zero carbon Newcastle











### The reasons we declared...











Newcastle University declares a climate emergency

Published on: 18 April 2019

Newcastle University has signalled its commitment to climate change action by joining a number of organisations in the UK and all over the world to declare a climate emergency.

# The Climate Emergency is a Health Emergency



The climate crisis is also a health crisis.

Air pollution, disease, extreme weather events & food insecurity are harming our health & taking millions of lives every year.

We need to #ActNow to protect people & planet.



12:30 PM · Feb 20, 2022 · Twitter Web App

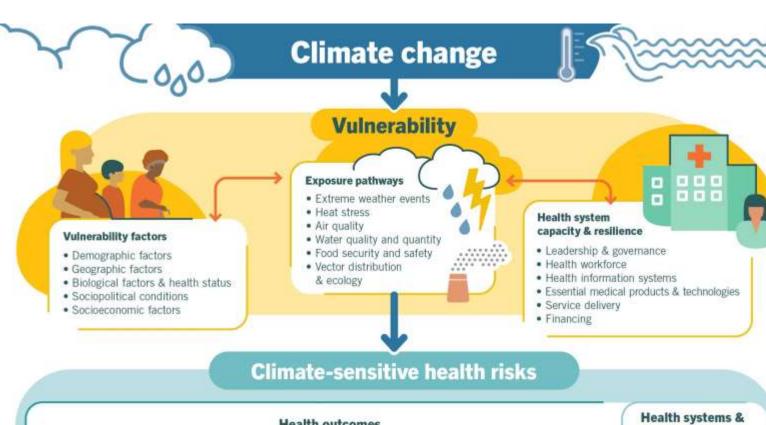
338 Retweets 27 Quote Tweets 723 Likes











#### Health outcomes



and mortality

from extreme

weather events



related illness



Respiratory













borne

diseases











facilities outcomes

Zoonoses

diseases and other water-related health impacts

bome diseases

Malnutrition and food-

Noncommunicable diseases (NCDs)

psychosocial

# Which is (Fossil) Fueling Health Inequalities

### Air pollution is at the heart of social injustice and global inequality

The most vulnerable groups to air pollution



#### Women and children

involved in domestic work such as cooking, are disproportionately exposed to air pollution, like smoke from dirty cookstoves and fuels.



#### The elderly

and individuals with pre-existing lung or heart diseases are particularly vulnerable to air pollution.



#### Low-income groups:

nearly 20% of related deaths occur in low- and middle-income countries, due to unprecedented rapid increase in the number of vehicles and other



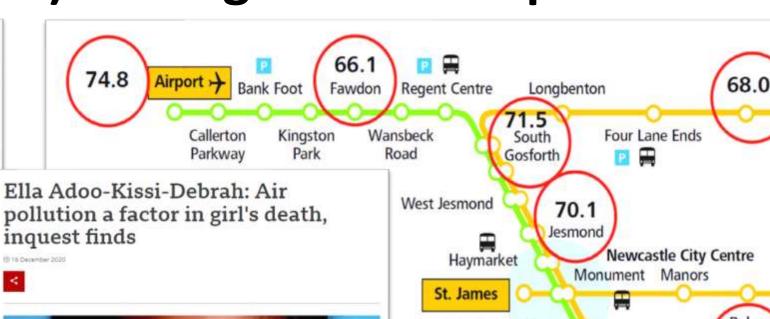
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#CleanAirForAll





Central Station



Bita Adoo-Kissi-Debrah tived 25 metres from the South Circular Road in south-east London

A nine-year-old girl who died following an asthma attack has become the first person in the UK to have air pollution listed as a cause of death.

Ella Adoo-Kissi-Debrah, who lived near the South Circular Road in Lewisham, south-east London, died in 2013.



63.8

### **The National Context**

@sduhealth



Just wrapped up the first meeting of @NHSEngland's Net Zero work. Two things are clear:

1)2020 is a moment for ambition and bravery 2)We need all the help we can get from patients, the public. NHS staff, and all that's come before - submit your evidence @ england.nhs.uk/greenernhs



Sustainable Development Unit - Health

Delivering a 'Net Zero' **National Health Service** 

NHS



2:25 PM · Oct 9, 2020 · Hootsuite Inc.





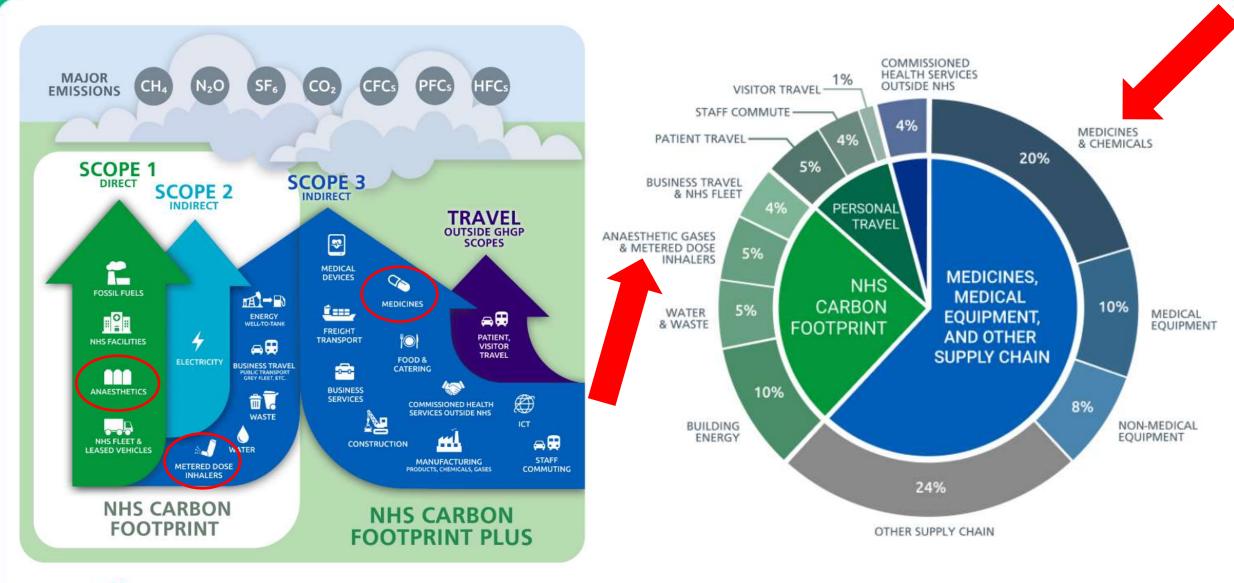


'2020 has been dominated by COVID-19 and is the most pressing health emergency facing us. But undoubtedly climate change poses the most profound long-term threat to the health of the nation.'

Sir Simon Stevens
Chief Executive Officer,
NHS England and NHS Improvement









Pharmaceuticals account for around **a quarter** of NHS carbon emissions





Climate Emergency Strategy 2020-2025

### What We Want To Achieve

#### **Our Vision**

To be a global leader in sustainable healthcare delivery through collaboration and innovation, helping our patients and communities to thrive within the means of our planet

#### Our Goals

To achieve our vision we have set three long-term goals:

#### 1. Zero Carbon Care

- By 2030 the emissions we control will be net zero our 'Newcastle Hospital's Carbon Footprint'
- By 2040 the emissions we can influence will be net zero our 'Newcastle Hospitals Carbon Footprint Plus'

#### 2. Clean Air

- By 2030 our operational transport activities generate no harmful air pollution
- . By 2040 our healthcare facilities are accessed by only zero emission travel

#### 3. Zero Waste

- · By 2030 we will reuse and repair everything that can be reused and repaired
- By 2040 we will produce no waste. We will manage resources within the circular economy, with items surplus to requirements becoming a resource in another part of the system



### **How We Plan** To Achieve It

The following section of our strategy outlines what we want to achieve in each Shine priority area, during the life of this five year strategy, as well as how we aim to achieve it and how we will measure it.

This Climate Emergency Strategy sets out how we plan to go to the next level. It is a vitally important call to action and guide for our next steps

Dame Jackie Daniel



#### Energy

Minimise energy use and replace fossil fuels with zero carbon energy sources



#### Water

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#### Care

Develop low carbon care pathways adapted to our changing climate



Inspire, inform and empower our people to deliver sustainable healthcare





#### What do we want to achieve by 2025?

Low carbon care pathways adapted to our changing climate:

- . Engage in research and innovation in order to lower carbon across our care pathways
- . Lead on the systematic reduction of anaesthetic gas environmental impact across all care pathways
- Collaborate to reduce the carbon footprint of respiratory care through a detailed review of inhaler prescription
- · Empower our clinicians to improve the sustainability of their models of care
- Resilient care services that are adaptive to our changing climate

#### How will we achieve it?

- Collaborate and engage with industry, research centres of excellence and other key partners to lower the carbon of our care pathways
- Trial use of innovative technologies to capture and destroy environmentally damaging anaesthetic gases
- Bring together expertise externally and internally to understand and reduce the impact of inhalers on our carbon footprint
- Embed sustainability (SusQI) within our Improvement Faculty processes
- Develop and implement training, tools and resources to enable clinicians to improve the sustainability of their
- Work with service leads and Business Continuity colleagues to ensure our patients continue to receive outstanding care in the face of a changing climate
- Ensure business development and investment decisions undertake a formal Sustainability Impact Appraisal (SIA)

#### How will we measure it?

- Carbon emissions from anaesthetic gases (tCO<sub>e</sub>)
- Carbon emissions from inhaler prescribing (tCO,e)
- Percentage of Quality Improvement projects with positive sustainability impacts (%)
- SDAT score for 'Sustainable Care Models'
- SDAT score for 'Adaptation'

Low carbon care pathways adapted to our changing climate





### **Models of Care**







# **MEDCLAIR**





#### Caring for patients who use inhalers

correct device (the one that they are precribed) at their bedside / with them. the environment and lower carbon. Shine

















Ask patient to demonstrate use of their own inhalar (without putting capsule in).

- 5. Epimently primes (build / add capable
- 2. 5th up straight with head titted slight)
- 1. Long breath out to empty langr 4. Good seal on orbain with mouth and
- strong deep breath to Holds breath for 10 seconds
- Shaken inhalar and attaches a spacer" correctly 2. Sto up streight with head tilted slightly up to oper
- Political space with good seal on mouth Cand nese if appricable
- 1. Presses inflater to refease 1 or 2 doses into spacer and takes 5 broatty from spacer





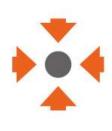
#### Successes

- Anaesthesia Successful trial of nitrous oxide cracking technology (baby Rosie, first in UK), Desflurane & Nitrous Oxide removed at Freeman
- **Respiratory** Sustainable Respiratory Care MDT working on projects to reduce inhaler carbon footprint (pt. education & empowerment)
- **Renal** dialysis care pathway carbon footprint mapping (to help inform reduction plans)
- **SusQI** Shine is being embedded into Newcastle Improvement as part of the IHI partnership work

#### Challenges

**Capacity** for clinicians to engage in lowering the carbon of care pathways.... (though our Clinical Sustainability Fellows plans to help with this)

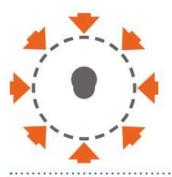
# **Collaboration for System Change**



**LOCAL ACTION** 



**NATIONAL ACTION** 



INTERNATIONAL ACTION

















# 2. SUSTAINABILITY VISION

#### North East & North Cumbria Integrated Care System

# **Green Plan** 2022-2025



#### 2.1 Our 2030 vision

By 2030, we will be England's greenest region.

We will achieve the maximum health and wellbeing dividend for our population by being sustainable in all aspects of our work.

While environmental sustainability is the main thrust of this green plan, our vision acknowledges the interdependence between the environment and public health. A healthier environment (and associated behaviour such as active travel) means healthier people who have a lower impact on the environment by requiring less treatment and/or fewer medicines. Our vision is underpinned by the four sustainable healthcare principles as set out by the Centre for Sustainable Healthcare.<sup>4</sup>

- Prevention: improving public health by tackling underlying causes of disease
- Patient empowerment and self-care: educating the public and giving patients a greater role in their own health
- · Lean systems: being more efficient in healthcare delivery
- · Low carbon alternatives: e.g. low carbon medicines

#### 2.2 Meeting our vision

This is a three-year plan, but it has been developed to put ICS members on the right trajectory to meet this 2030 vision. To meet this 2030 vision and align our ambition with the majority of local authorities in the region, the ICS and its members will have to cut their carbon footprint at a faster rate than the NHS national targets of 2040/2045. Therefore, the ICS will declare a climate emergency, adopting an aspirational target of net zero for its NHS footprint by 2030 and its NHS-plus footprint emissions by 2040. As ICS members currently have a variety of net zero goals ranging from 2030 to 2040, the ICS will support its members to move further faster and thus exceed their targets.



#### TARGET

T0.1: NENC ICS will strive to achieve net zero for its NHS footprint by 2030 and its NHS-plus footprint emissions by 2040 and members move further, faster on carbon reductions.

The NHS has suggested that where outpatient attendances are clinically necessary, at least 25% of outpatient activity should be delivered remotely, resulting in direct and tangible carbon reductions, but NENC ICS has set a higher target.



#### TARGET

T2.2: 30% of outpatient activity will be delivered remotely by Dec 2024.

#### **ACTION**

A2.9: Review remote healthcare opportunities across primary and secondary care post-Covid-19.

#### 3.2.5 Over-prescribing

Over-prescribing is the use of a medicine where there is a better non-medicine alternative, or the use is inappropriate for that patients' circumstances and wishes.

It occurs in several ways:

- · There is a more effective alternative
- The medicine is not appropriate for the individual
- . The patient's condition changes, but the prescription is not reviewed
- The patient no longer needs or benefits from the medicine but continues to be prescribed it

The extent of overprescribing is a result of weaknesses in the healthcare system and culture, not the skills or dedication of individual healthcare professionals.

Waste medicines are a significant burden and need to be disposed of carefully, to avoid harm to patients and the public, and to minimise harm to the environment. The manufacture and distribution of medicines, and the use of some medicines, has a significant carbon footprint, accounting for 25% of the NHS carbon footprint, therefore the waste of medicines must be minimised to meet net zero.

#### ACTION

A2.10: Overprescribing to become a key priority of ICS medicines planning and oversight - to make patient care better and safer, support the NHS, and reduce carbon emissions.

#### 3.2.6 Nature-based prescribing

Social prescribing is a way of taking a holistic approach to people's health and wellbeing.

Patients are assigned a link worker to connect people to community groups and statutory services for practical and emotional support. As well as benefits for the user, this approach may









### What Can You Do?

- Educate yourself
  - free 30min e-learning module (Building a Net Zero NHS)
  - other low-cost courses from HENE Faculty of Sustainable Healthcare
- Connect with others
  - GHP Sustainability (<u>www.ghp.org.uk/sustainability/</u>)
  - Pharmacy Declares (<u>www.pharmacydeclares.co.uk/</u>)
- Implement the four principles of sustainable healthcare in your work
  - prevention, patient empowerment, lean systems & low carbon alternatives

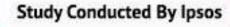


### The UK's most and least trusted professions





96%



November 8, 2019

Richard Smith calls on readers to help with his list of things we can do to counter the climate emergency





I have recently become the chair of the UK Health Alliance on Climate Change, and one of things I would like to do is to encourage as many health professionals as possible to make changes in their own lives to counter the climate emergency and improve their own health. To that end I have devised a list of possible actions, and I'd welcome your additions, deletions, and comments.

Your organisation

Easy

Campaign within your organisation for it to make changes to reduce its carbon footprint and make it greener.

Less easy

Join the discussion to work out how to make clinical care greener

Least easy

Make your clinical care greener

With your patients

Easy

Put leaflets about how people can improve their health and reduce their carbon footprint in your waiting room or outpatient clinics Put up posters with the same information

Help patients who use inhalers to move to greener versions

People can feel powerless about their capacity to do anything about the climate emergency, but there are, of

course, many things you can do-and here is a list of easy, less easy, and least ea doing many of them already, but I doubt that no health professional, no matter h climate emergency, does all these things.

https://blogs.bmj.com/bmj/2019/11/08/actions -that-health-professionals-can-take-to-counterthe-climate-emergency-and-improve-theirhealth/



Diet

Easy

Reduce the amount of meat that you eat (recognising that the order of amounts of carbon emissions resulting from meats in descending order is beef, lamb, pork, chicken, fish)

Less easy

Stop eating meat and fish

Least easy

Become (or remain) Vegan

Less easy

Whenever the opportunity arises talk to patients about how they can improve their health and reduce their carbon footprint

Whenever possible move patients from drug responses to their problem to non-drug responses

Least easy

Offer the chance to ALL patients to discuss with you how they can improve their health and reduce their carbon footprint

Prescribe to patients a way to improve their health and reduce their carbon footprint and monitor their progress



### **Contact us**

Email: <a href="mailto:nuth.environment@nhs.net">nuth.environment@nhs.net</a>

Twitter: @SustainableNUTH

### Find our more

Read our Strategy:

https://bit.ly/CEStrategy NUTH

See our video:

https://bit.ly/Shine-vid

Read our latest Shine Report:

https://bit.ly/Shine-2021